

Table D-6. Number of employed 1995 and 1996 science and engineering master's degree recipients having job closely, somewhat, and not related to degree, by major field of degree: April 1997

Major field of 1995-96 S&E master's degree	Total employed	Relationship of job to degree		
		Closely related	Somewhat related	Not related
All science and engineering fields.....	135,800	89,200	34,200	12,400
Major type				
Total science.....	91,600	60,900	21,600	9,200
Total engineering.....	44,200	28,400	12,600	3,200
Major field				
Computer and information sciences.....	17,700	14,100	3,100	S
Life and related sciences, total.....	12,300	8,000	3,200	1,100
Agricultural and food sciences.....	2,300	1,800	S	S
Biological sciences.....	7,800	5,000	2,000	S
Environmental life sciences including forestry sciences.....	2,200	1,200	S	S
Mathematical and related sciences.....	7,100	4,400	2,000	S
Physical and related sciences, total.....	8,400	5,700	1,900	800
Chemistry, except biochemistry.....	3,200	2,500	S	S
Earth sciences, geology, and oceanography.....	2,300	1,400	600	S
Physics and astronomy.....	2,600	1,700	700	S
Other physical sciences.....	S	S	S	S
Psychology.....	23,500	16,300	4,900	2,300
Social and related sciences, total.....	22,700	12,400	6,500	3,800
Economics.....	3,700	1,900	1,100	S
Political science and related sciences.....	7,100	3,400	2,400	1,300
Sociology and anthropology.....	3,700	2,200	S	S
Other social sciences.....	8,200	4,800	2,200	S
Engineering, total.....	44,200	28,400	12,600	3,200
Aerospace and related engineering.....	1,400	800	S	S
Chemical engineering.....	1,700	1,100	500	S
Civil and architectural engineering.....	6,300	4,400	1,500	S
Electrical, electronic, computer and communications engineering.....	15,300	10,600	4,100	S
Industrial engineering.....	3,100	1,700	1,100	S
Mechanical engineering.....	6,700	3,800	2,200	S
Other engineering.....	9,700	6,000	2,800	1,000

KEY: S = Data with weighted values less than 100 or unweighted sample sizes less than 20 are suppressed for reasons of data reliability.

NOTES: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

These estimates on recent college graduates are obtained from a sample survey of individuals whose most recent bachelor's or master's degree is in a science or engineering field and may differ from degree counts presented in other SRS publications.

SOURCE: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Studies, National Survey of Recent College Graduates, 1997